

## SULZER CASE TO START TOMORROW

Assemblemen Are Not Anxious to Be Present—State Stops Pay

### WIFE WILL TESTIFY

Mrs. Sulzer Will Tell Her Story of Stock Transactions on Wall Street.

Albany, N. Y., Sept. 17.—Acting Governor Glynn and legislative leaders were none too hopeful today that a sufficient number of assemblymen would be present tonight when the state legislature is to reconvene to put through the financial program. The state faces a very serious financial embarrassment unless the revenue bills and appropriations for bond interest are passed.

Many of the present assemblymen were unsuccessful in obtaining nominations as candidates for re-election, and the unusual drain on their private resources, owing to repeated recalls to Albany since the extra session convened, has put them in no amiable frame of mind toward incurring further personal expense. Their salaries ceased with the adjournment of the regular session and under the law they are allowed mileage for only one trip to Albany to attend the extraordinary session.

In the senate, where the Sulzer impeachment trial will be staged, the leaders expect practically a full attendance. Each senator will be called on tomorrow to qualify as a member of the impeachment court and for this service he will draw a stipend variously estimated at from \$10 to \$50 a day.

The right of certain senators, who as members of the Frawley investigating committee, uncovered the evidence upon which the impeachment charges against Governor Sulzer were based, to sit as members of the court of impeachment, will be one of the first questions to be raised by counsel for the accused executive when the trial begins tomorrow. These senators are James J. Frawley of New York, Samuel J. Ramsperger of Buffalo, Felix J. Sanner of Brooklyn, Democrats, and Elton R. Brown of Watertown, Republican.

Scores of witnesses will be called for both sides during the trial, estimates as to the length of which vary from one to two months.

Mrs. Sulzer will be one of the most important witnesses for the defense, according to the governor's friends. She has been going over evidence in the case with her husband at the executive mansion since her recovery from the nervous breakdown following her alleged admission that she was responsible for some of the Wall Street transactions attributed to her husband.

The public will be admitted to the galleries until all seats are filled, when the doors will be barred against further admissions.

New York, Sept. 17.—The impeachment of Governor Sulzer and his fight for direct primary reform played an important part in yesterday's Democratic primaries in New York state. The governor's friends maintained that these issues were responsible for defeats the regular Democratic organization suffered in several localities.

In Buffalo and Rochester, the largest cities outside of New York, the regular Democratic organizations, which lined up with Tammany hall in the Sulzer impeachment fight, were badly beaten. In Albany county former State Committeeman McCabe, clerk of the senate, a firm Tammany adherent, came so near defeat that the party leadership may remain in doubt until the official count.

In New York City, the Sulzer issue was not apparent. Only one of the Democratic district leaders was unhorsed and this contest was purely local.

Sulzer's threat to make the Democratic assemblymen smart for defeating his direct primary measure was recalled today when primary returns showed that four of the assemblymen who voted against this measure and for his impeachment were defeated for renomination in Buffalo. All five Democratic nominees for assemblymen in Monroe county which includes Rochester, were designated by the opponents of Tammany Hall. Only one of Monroe's five representatives in the assembly at present is a Democrat.

The primaries held by the other parties had no state wide feature to distinguish them.

## ROCHESTER NEXT MEETING PLACE

After electing officers and selecting Rochester, N. Y., as the next meeting place, the thirteenth biennial convention of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees of America was adjourned in Salt Lake this afternoon. With the exception of three vice presidents, all the officers were re-elected. The new vice presidents, including three additional provided for at the present convention are: Benjamin Commins, New Orleans; T. J. O'Brien, Springfield, Mass.; W. McClenahan, Chicago; Benjamin Bowber, Oakland, Cal.; Joseph Gibbons, Toronto; Fred A. Hoover, Vancouver.

## TWO NEW CRIMES AGAINST SCHMIDT

Detectives Find Murderer Stole From Visitor and From Church Collection

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New York, Sept. 17.—Two more crimes took their place today on the police record of Hans Schmidt, the priest, who already has confessed that he murdered Anna Amuller and that he was a counterfeiter. In ransacking Schmidt's rooms, detectives found evidence that Schmidt had stolen \$400 from the Easter collection at St. Joseph's church and that he had robbed a visiting priest who spent the night at St. Joseph's rectory as a guest of the local clergy. An empty purse found in Schmidt's room today proved to be one which the visiting priest had lost not long ago.

Schmidt still insisted today that neither Ernest A. Muret, his dentist friend, nor Anna Amuller, the girl he murdered, knew anything about his counterfeiting operations. In reply to a written question sent to his cell, he wrote:

"Anna knew nothing of my plans to solve the social question by creating money for all the poor people here and abroad."

Schmidt maintains that he made bogus money from philanthropic means only.

The police have not abandoned hope of finding the head of the Amuller girl. Today they investigated a gruesome tale about a solitary fisherman, who hooked something heavy last night in the North river. Just as the supposed catch was nearing the surface it dropped off the hook, leaving a long human hair said to resemble in color the hair of Anna Amuller.

Detectives investigating Schmidt's record learned this afternoon that he had rented another apartment at 2562 Eighth avenue under the name of Jacob Schneider. This apartment was engaged on September 5, three days after the murder of the Amuller girl. In its rooms, the police found clothing belonging to the priest and some women's wearing apparel.

## ENGLAND FACES SERIOUS STRIKE

One of the Worst Labor Wars in Its History Threatens Entire Country.

Cities Without Food

Strike Beginning in Dublin Spreads Rapidly to Various Branches of Labor

London, Sept. 17.—England is to be threatened with the most serious strike of union labor in its history, according to union leaders here today.

The trouble began with the lock-outs of large numbers of workmen last week in Dublin in consequence of a strike of telephone workers because of the employment of non-union laborers. Rumblings of discontent have since been heard throughout the entire labor community of the British Isles, but thus far eruptions have occurred only in the larger cities.

The sympathetic strike of the Liverpool dockers and of railway workers there and at Birmingham has already stopped the three great trunk railways serving the midland counties of England and the Manchester Ship Canal company also is contending with a strike of dock laborers for better wages.

At Liverpool seven of the great freight depots were idle this morning.

Fall to Settle Strike.

In Ireland, too, all attempts have failed to settle the Dublin trouble, which was the direct cause of the developments at Liverpool and Birmingham. The difficulty of getting provisions into the Irish capital has become so great that it is believed the markets will have to close their doors.

London has been affected only indirectly by the strikes on the railways in the midlands. The metropolis is more directly interested in the threatened strike of motor omnibus drivers because the employers refuse to allow employees to wear union badges. The men held a meeting today and passed a resolution in favor of a strike which would tie up all the motor omnibuses and tube lines in London.

Labor members of parliament declare that the trouble in Dublin, London and elsewhere has been caused by the determination of the employers to challenge the rights of labor to organize.

## G.A.R. VETERANS' ANNUAL PARADE

Unofficial Order Causes Confederates Not to Take Part in Big Event

Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 17.—Through a misty rain, several thousand union veterans and sons of veterans marched today in the forty-seventh annual parade of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Enthusiasm of the crowds frequently interrupted the progress of the parade, as hundreds rushed into the ranks of the marchers to shake hands with the veterans.

An unofficial order conveyed by some unknown person to Colonel L. T. Dickinson, adjutant of the N. B. Forrest camp of Confederate veterans, prevented that camp from participating in the parade. Thirty Confederate veterans, clad in gray, were ready to march with Colonel H. Anson and Forsythe Post 15, of Toledo, of which he is commander. Great disappointment was expressed by both Union and Confederate veterans and an investigation has been instituted.

A half dozen Confederate veterans, in gray uniforms, were taken "prisoners" by Union veterans during the progress of the parade and, amid shouts of laughter, forced to participate in it, being heartily cheered by spectators.

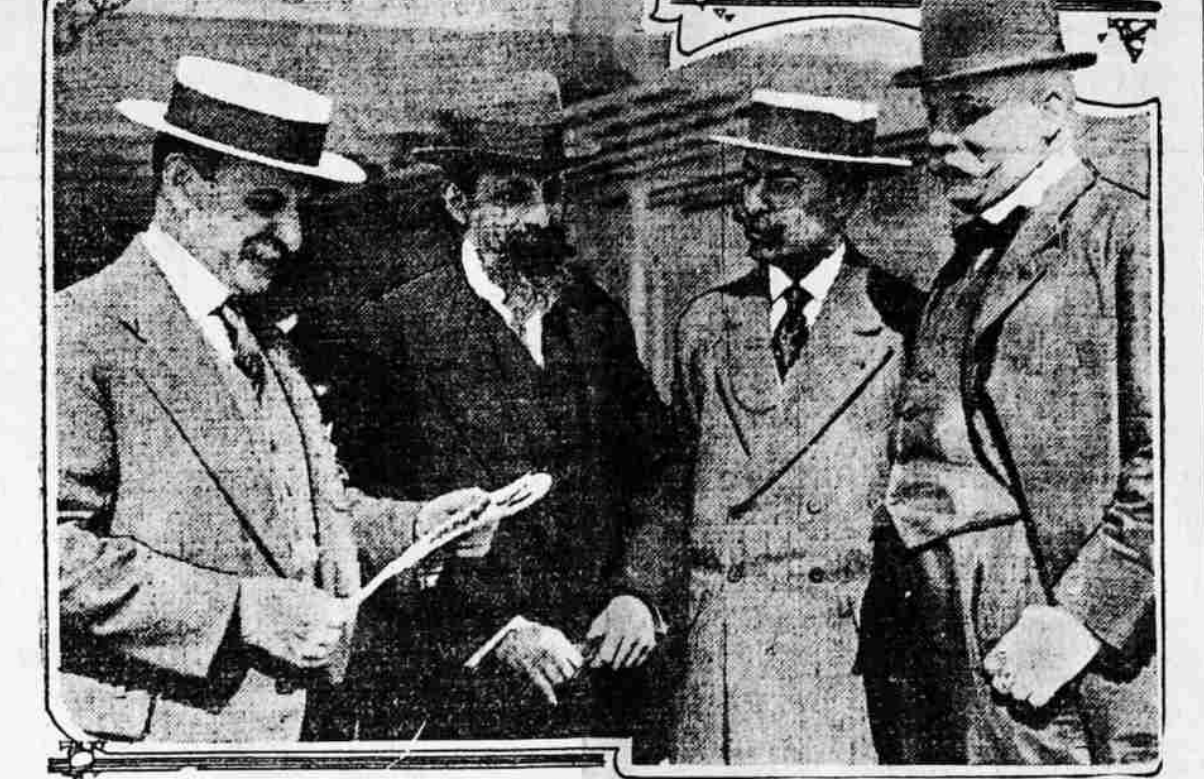
## HERMANN SONS MEET.

San Francisco, Sept. 17.—Discussion of reports engaged today at the tentation of the Order of Hermann Sons in national convention here. President Folsen's report showed that the organization had gained 14,000 new members in the last four years. A surplus for stock benefits of \$190,000 was stated to be held in the treasury. The convention is expected to take up soon the question of changes in the insurance department, changes in the important issues now being considered by the committee on law and legislation.

## ROBBERS KILL WATCHMAN.

Chicago, Sept. 17.—Four masked robbers forced an entrance to the delivery station of Mandel Brothers at 2655 West Van Buren street today, shot and killed Michael Waschuk, a stableman, and bound three other employees, then broke open the safe and escaped with \$2,000.

## NOTED FRENCHMEN VISIT AMERICA; SELECT SITE FOR FRENCH BUILDING AT PANAMA-PACIFIC EXPOSITION



Left to right: Alfred Savy, Albert Tirman, G. Roger Sandoz and Gaston de Pellerin de Latouche.

San Francisco, Sept. 16.—(Special)—The French exposition commissioners who have come to the United States to select a site for the French exhibit at the Panama-Pacific exposition are among the most distinguished men in France. In addition to their official positions, all of them are members of the Legion of Honor and three are "officers" whose red buttons are seldom seen in this country.

M. de la Touche is one of the biggest railroad men in France, being heavily interested in the Paris-Lyon railway and the Paris Metropolitan underground system. Albert Tirman is a member of the council of state and is director of expositions and transportation in the French ministry of commerce and industry. Roger Sandoz is president of the preliminary commission and general secretary of the French committee of foreign expositions. Alfred Savy is a civil engineer and a former member of the superior jury of awards at the St. Louis exposition.

On returning to France the commission will make a complete report of the general conditions of the organization and exploitation of the Panama-Pacific exposition, and this report will form a basis on which the French cabinet will ask an appropriation from parliament for participation in the big fair.

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## BOYS TO BE TAKEN TO LOS ANGELES

Chief W. I. Norton received a telegram last night from Los Angeles asking for more information concerning the two Stephens and the alleged stolen automobile. The sheriff in Los Angeles desired the information to use in applying for a warrant. When a warrant for the arrest of the two is issued, an official will be sent to Ogden, both boys, shot and killed Michael Waschuk, a stableman, and bound three other employees, then broke open the safe and escaped with \$2,000.

## THAW SMILES AT RECENT VICTORY

Slaver of Stanford White Wins Out Before United States Court.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 17.—When Harry K. Thaw reached here from Littleton he was taken direct to a hotel. Several hundred people were gathered at the railroad station. They cheered as Thaw alighted from the train.

Thaw made the trip from Littleton in a day coach. Thaw greeted him at every station and at every opportunity he leaned from the car window to shake hands. The curious besieged the restaurant at Plymouth while he ate.

His greatest ovation was here at Concord. Thaw lifted his hat in response to the cheers, but so swiftly he was taken to his carriage that the crowd could do no more than press blindly about him. A procession of pedestrians and vehicles followed him to the hotel.

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## REFUGEES TELL OF PRIVATIONS

Cruiser Buffalo Returns With 139 Destitute Americans From Mexico.

San Diego, Cal., Sept. 17.—The cruiser Buffalo arrived here today with 139 refugees picked up along the west coast of Mexico. Most of them were destitute when they boarded the ship and many of them gave visible evidence of the privations they had experienced in the revolution-torn republic when they landed here.

According to Captain Von Blamer of the cruiser, there is little danger to Americans in the Mexican ports he visited. The refugees, he said, had left Mexico because of President Wilson's warning.

Hunger, not bullets, was the enemy the refugees had to fight in Mexico. Most of them managed to obtain food of some sort, but the pinched faces of the children aboard the Buffalo showed that nourishing food was scarce.

R. W. Vall, American consul at Guaymas, who makes his home at Los Angeles, was among the passengers.

"I came north," he said, "because of the illness of a relative. Otherwise I should have stayed in the south. The acting consul has fifty American citizens to look after, they remaining at Guaymas of their own free will."

What was considered an extreme case was that of J. J. Danovan and family, who came from the Yaqui river country. War troubles forced them to flee for safety. They hid in brush many times from rebel bands and arrived in Guaymas destitute.

All of the refugees boarding the Buffalo were heavily armed. They clung to their weapons to the last and brought them ashore here.

The Buffalo is to sail today for San Francisco.

## WARSHIPS WILL STAY IN SOUTH

American Government Will Not Heed Huerta's Declaration That Ships are Unwelcome.

### PROTECT CITIZENS

International Law Permits Right to Keep Fleet Near Trouble Zone.

Washington, Sept. 17.—American battleships probably will remain in Mexican waters despite General Huerta's declaration that they will be unwelcome after another month. There was no official expression of this government's attitude today, but it was plainly indicated that the United States will keep its vessels on the Mexican Pacific coast and Atlantic coast as long as the preservation of the safety of Americans warrants it. It was pointed out that by international law the United States clearly has a right to protect its nationals in a foreign country where internal disorders prevail and to that end may dispatch warships to ports where American interests demand protection.

It was pointed out today that American warships in Mexican waters would continue to adhere strictly to the injunction of President Huerta not to "entail an attack on the dignity and sovereignty of Mexico," but further than that it is not likely that the Wilson administration will accept dictation from Huerta as to the circumstances in which American vessels may lie off the Mexican coast.

An abstract of Huerta's message is being studied by Secretary Bryan, who is prepared to discuss it with President Wilson. Particular attention has been attracted by Huerta's announcement that the electoral law has been promulgated, providing for a presidential election in October. It is regarded as significant that Huerta expects to conduct elections to a successful issue, notwithstanding the revolutionary movement. That suggests the idea that the Huerta party will take the ground that owing to the limitation of the rebellion to the two states of Sonora and Durango, the constitutional prohibition against the conduct of a national election while the country is not at peace would not apply.

It was said at the state department today that so far there appeared to be nothing in Huerta's message to cause the United States to change its attitude.

## COPPER STRIKERS REMAIN ORDERLY

Presence of Moyer at Calumet Has Good Effect Upon the Miners.

Calumet, Mich., Sept. 17.—The presence here of President Charles Moyer of the Western Federation of Miners has been productive of absolute quiet in the copper strike region. Moyer has counseled against disorderly tactics and since his arrival here a few days ago, there have been no attacks on workmen or noisy demonstrations. The strikers again today contented themselves with orderly parades and picketing.

John H. Walker, president of the Illinois Mine Workers, has returned here, bringing fresh assurances that his organization will support the strike.

Apparently the effort of the Copper Commercial club to settle the strike with rest between the operators and the strikers themselves, ignoring the federation, it probably will be a week or two before the club's investigation committee is ready to submit its proposition.

## CARD GAME CAUSE OF MAN'S DEATH

Rock Springs, Wyo., Sept. 17.—A dispute over a card game between two employees on the Henry Nevins ranch in Moffat county, Colo., according to word brought here today, resulted in the killing of Bale Herndon on Monday. The alleged slayer, a negro named Jones, was taken to Craig, Colo. today. It is alleged that Herndon first sent a bullet through Jones' hat and the latter replied with a shot gun.

## MINERS PRESENT STRIKE DEMANDS

Labor Trouble Would Affect Situation in Colorado, Utah and New Mexico.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 17.—Efforts to prevent the threatened strike of coal miners in the southern Colorado fields were continued today. Edwin V. Brake, deputy state labor commissioner, said that he had not yet received replies to his suggestion made yesterday to the miners and operators to arbitrate their differences under the state law.

Jess F. Welborn, president of the Colorado Fuel & Iron company, intimated that the offer of mediation would be rejected by his corporation.

At the district headquarters of the United Mine Workers of America, it was stated that the communication from the state labor commissioner was received too late to be acted upon in the convention, but that the policy board of the organization probably was authorized to accept mediation if in its opinion his was desirable.

Trinidad, Colo., Sept. 17.—Officials of the miners' union and operators busied themselves today considering plans to meet the situation that promises to develop with the calling of the proposed strike next Tuesday, the date fixed by the United Mine Workers of America convention, district No. 15, in the vote taken late yesterday. The demands of the men as set forth in the strike resolution are: Recognition of the union. A 10 per cent wage advance based on tonnage rates. A 10 per cent wage advance for coke oven workers. An eight hour day for all classes of labor in mines and coke ovens. Pay for all dead work. Check weighmen at all mines. The right to trade at any store, to select their own boarding place and choose their own physician. Enforcement of the mining laws of Colorado.

Abolition of the guard system. Miners' officials stated today that the strike order, when issued, probably will be directed only to men employed in the southern Colorado fields of Las Animas, Huerfano and Fremont counties, but that eventually it will be extended to all mines in district 15, comprising the states of Colorado, Utah and New Mexico.

The operators continued firm today in their determination not to meet with union representatives although they reiterated their readiness to confer with their own employees.

## ARAB TRIBESMEN KILL 34 ITALIANS

General Torelli Falls at Head of Troops While Urging an Attack.

Bengazi, Tripoli, Sept. 17.—The Italian commander, General Torelli, and 33 Italian officers and men were killed in a battle yesterday with Arab tribesmen. The news reached this city today. The Italian list of wounded includes 75 officers and men. The Arab losses are not stated, but were undoubtedly very heavy.

The Italian column, which had been operating for some time against the tribesmen, found them strongly entrenched on a height commanding the valley of Teuza. When attacked the Arabs resisted with great stubbornness, being aided by the nature of the ground. They disputed fiercely every effort of the Italian infantry to advance, but the Italian artillery was served with remarkable precision, pouring a hail of shell on the position and compelling the Arabs to retreat to the desert.

General Torelli fell at the head of his troops while urging them on to the attack.

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WEATHER FORECAST

Tonight and Thursday, with rising temperature.

## SENTENCE DIGGS AND CAMINETTI

Judge Van Fleet Imposes Fine and Jail Sentences Upon Convicted White Slavers

### MAY FILE APPEAL

Diggs Gets Two Years and \$2,000 Fine—Caminetti 18 Months, \$1,500 Fine

San Francisco, Sept. 17.—Maury I. Diggs, former state architect of California, was sentenced today by Judge Van Fleet in the United States district court to serve two years in the state penitentiary at San Quentin and to pay a fine of \$2,000 for the violation of the Mann white slave traffic act.

F. Drew Caminetti, son of Anthony Caminetti, United States commissioner general of immigration, was sentenced to 18 months at San Quentin and to pay a fine of \$1,500, for a similar charge.

The stay of execution was granted in order to permit the defense to perfect an appeal to the United States circuit court of appeals for a writ of error.

Motions for a new trial and for arrest of judgment were denied.

A ten-day stay of execution was granted, and for that period Diggs was admitted to bail in the sum of \$15,000, and Caminetti in the sum of \$10,000.

Before the sentence was imposed, Robert T. Devlin for the defense argued at length that, should the sentence exceed one year, it lay in the discretion of the court to designate a state or a county jail, rather than a federal penitentiary. Judge Van Fleet said he was in some doubt as to his powers in that matter and would be glad to listen.

Accordingly it came as a surprise after San Quentin penitentiary had been designated, when Devlin requested the court to amend the sentence to specify the federal penitentiary on McNell's Island, Washington.

Judge Van Fleet ruled that the sentence as originally pronounced must stand, but added that he was willing application for a change should be made to the department of justice at Washington.

Diggs was convicted of having violated the Mann act on four counts, and Caminetti on one. Each count carried a maximum penalty of five years' imprisonment and \$5,000 fine, making a possible sentence of 20 years and \$20,000 fine for Diggs and five years and \$5,000 fine for Caminetti.

The offense charged was that the prisoners transported Marsha Warrington and Lola Norris from Sacramento to Reno for immoral purposes. Both girls testified for the prosecution and both wives for their husbands.

At no time did the defense attempt to deny that the acts charged had been committed. Its effort was to show that there had been no criminal intent, that the elopement to Reno was an "escape" to which the men and the girls alike were driven by fright of scandal and the threats of their families.

The four fled to Reno early in the morning of March 16, were arrested in Reno March 14, brought back to Sacramento and the men were locked up in the Sacramento county jail on a felony charge on March 15, and released three days later on \$10,000 bail.

The case then hung fire until April 12, when Diggs and Caminetti were indicted by a federal grand jury. Prosecution lagged and the case jumped suddenly into national notoriety when John L. McNab, the United States attorney in charge of government's case, resigned, saying in an open letter to President Wilson that political influence was being brought to bear on the attorney general.

(Continued on Page Seven)

## TODAY'S GAMES

Naps Shut Out Braves.  
Boston, Sept. 17.—(American.)  
Cleveland ..... 2 8 1  
Boston ..... 0 8 1  
Batteries—Falkenberg and Carisch; Leonard, Wood and Cady.

Tigers 5, Senators 1.  
Washington, Sept. 17.—(American.)  
First game ..... 5 10 0  
Washington ..... 1 2 0  
Batteries—Dubuc and Gibson; Gallia, Love and Almsmith.

White Sox 9, Yankees 3.  
New York, Sept. 17.—(American.)  
First game ..... 9 18 0  
Chicago ..... 3 7 3  
Batteries—Scott and Schalk; Ford, Pieh and Gossett, Reynolds.

Games Postponed.  
St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 17.—(National.)  
New York-St. Louis game postponed; wet grounds.  
Cincinnati, Sept. 17.—(National.)  
Brooklyn-Cincinnati game postponed; wet grounds; two games tomorrow.  
Pittsburg, Sept. 17.—(National.)  
Philadelphia-Pittsburg game postponed; wet grounds; two games tomorrow.  
Chicago, Sept. 17.—(National.)  
Boston-Chicago game postponed; wet grounds.

(Additional Sports on Page Two)